### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

## **PCT**

REC'D 0 5 JAN 2004

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's	or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International				
1351827-	0137	FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No.		International filing date (day/month					
PCT/CA02/00786		28/05/2002	30/05/2001				
Internationa H04L12/5	Patent Classification (IPC) or na 6	ational classification and IPC					
Applicant		e .					
MOSAID TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED et al.							
This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.							
2. This F	EPORT consists of a total of	f 6 sheets, including this cover s	heet.				
<ul> <li>This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).</li> <li>These annexes consist of a total of sheets.</li> </ul>							
3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:    ☑ Basis of the report    □ □ Basis of the report							
	☐ Priority						
iii		opinion with regard to novelty, in	ventive step and industrial applicability				
IV	☐ Lack of unity of invent						
V	Reasoned statement u	under Article 35(2) with regard to ions suporting such statement	novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;				
VI	☐ Certain documents ci						
VII	☐ Certain defects in the	international application					
VIII	☐ Certain observations of	on the international application					
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Date of submission of the demand		Date of	completion of this report				
30/12/20	02	30.12.2	003				
Name and mailing address of the International preliminary examining authority:  Authorized officer							
<u>)))</u>	European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 5236	Krepp	el, J				
	Fax: ±49 89 2399 - 4465		3ne No. 140 80 2309 8246				

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/CA02/00786

•	Bas	is of the report	· · ·	
١.	the and	th regard to the <b>elements</b> of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" d are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)): scription, pages:		
	1-13	3	as originally filed	
	Cla	ims, No.:		
	1-20	0	as originally filed	
	Dra	wings, sheets:		
	1/6-	-6/6	as originally filed	
2.	With lang	h regard to the <b>lang</b> guage in which the	guage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.	
	The	ese elements were a	available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:	
		the language of a	translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).	
		the language of po	ublication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).	
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule	
3.	With inte	h regard to any <b>nu</b> o rnational prelimina	cleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the ry examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:	
		contained in the in	nternational application in written form.	
		filed together with	the international application in computer readable form.	
		furnished subsequ	uently to this Authority in written form.	
			uently to this Authority in computer readable form.	
		The statement that the international a	at the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in application as filed has been furnished.	
		The statement that listing has been fu	at the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence urnished.	
1.	The	amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:	
		the description,	pages:	
		the claims,	Nos.:	

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/CA02/00786

		(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)
6.	Add	itional observations, if necessary:
V.	Rea: citat	soned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; tions and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 1-20

No:

Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims 1-20

No:

Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 1-20

No:

Claims

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

### With respect to item V:

#### 1 **Prior art**

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: WO 99 13619 A (SICS SWEDISH INST OF COMPUTER ;SJOEDIN PETER (SE); MOESTEDT ANDREA) 18 March 1999 (1999-03-18)
- D2: GUPTA P ET AL: 'Routing lookups in hardware at memory access speeds' INFOCOM '98. SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL JOINT CONFERENCE OF THE IEEE COMPUTER AND COMMUNICATIONS SOCIETIES. PROCEEDINGS. IEEE SAN FRANCISCO, CA, USA 29 MARCH-2 APRIL 1998, NEW YORK, NY, USA, IEEE, US, 29 March 1998 (1998-03-29), pages 1240-1247, XP010270370 ISBN: 0-7803-4383-2

The invention relates to a multi-level lookup table for looking up a route associated with given IP address (independent claims 1 and 15) and a corresponding method (independent claim 7). A multi-level lookup table comprising a plurality of memories, a binary tree representation of a routing table mapped into the memories, with each memory associated with one level of the binary tree is known from document D1. By storing the routing table into separate memories for each level, pipelining of routing table searches can be done, i.e. simultaneous access to the routing table is possible.

A problem associated with a prior art lookup table is that some of the levels of the binary tree may be sparsely populated and other levels may be densely populated resulting in an uneven distribution of routes stored in the table. Some of the fixed size memories associated to a densely populated level are therefore full, some memories associated to sparsely populated levels are not fully used. If subtrees stored in a memory of a certain level are moved to memory of a lower level of the routing tree, memory access conflicts can occur if parallel searches are accessing the same level. This problem has already been discovered and formulated in document D2 (page 1241, left-hand column, lines 23-28).

#### Object 2

It is therefore an object of the invention to provide a multi-level lookup table wherein the memories can be used more efficiently and wherein parallel searches are possible.

#### Solution 3

This is achieved by a lookup table having a plurality of memories associated to levels of the routing tree and adapted to store a subtree associated with a densely populated level of the tree in a memory of a level lower than the densely populated level.

In contradiction to the requirements of Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6.3(b) PCT, the following further essential features are currently not included within the independent claims:

- the multi-level lookup table is further adapted to select a subtree not including any subtree pointers (page 8, lines 12-14 of the description); and
- to store a skip indicator with a subtree index to the subtree in a memory associated with a higher level of the binary tree indicating that the subtree of the densely populated level is stored in a memory associated with a lower level (page 5, lines 19-23 of the description).

#### Conclusions 4

The inventive concept (including the essential features mentioned above) is neither disclosed nor rendered obvious by the prior art at hand. Independent claims 1, 7 and 15 would therefore meet the requirements of Article 33 PCT with regard to novelty and inventive step provided that the essential features are included. By storing subtrees not including any subtree pointers in a lower level of the table and skipping an intermediate level, memory access conflicts for parallel searches are avoided.

### 5 Further-considerations

- 5.1 The application includes 2 independent apparatus claims (claims 1 and 15) with the same subject-matter and dependent claims having many additional features in common. The claims as a whole do therefore not meet the requirements of Article 6 (conciseness) and Rule 6.1(a) PCT (reasonable number of claims).
- 5.2 The features of the claims are not provided with reference signs placed in parentheses (Rule 6.2(b) PCT).
- 5.3 Contrary to the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT, the relevant background art disclosed in the document D1 is not mentioned in the description, nor is this document identified therein.
- 5.4 The independent claims are not in the two-part form as required by Rule 6.3(b) PCT, with those features which in combination are part of the prior art being placed in the preamble. A multi-level lookup table comprising a plurality of memories, a binary tree representation of a routing table mapped into the memories, with each memory associated with one level of the binary tree is already known from document **D1**.